



Computing Unit 4.2 – Online Safety			Year 4
Key Learning	Key Vocabulary		
To understand how children can protect themselves from online identity theft. Understand that information put online leaves a digital footprint or trail and that this can aid	Computer virus	A piece of code which car typically has a damaging of such as corrupting the sys data.	effect on the device,
identity theft. To Identify the risks and benefits of installing software including apps.	Cookies	A small amount of data ge and saved by a web brows remember information abo	ser. Its purpose is to
To understand that copying the work of others and presenting it as their own is called	Copyright	When the rights to someth specific person.	ning belong to a
'plagiarism' and to consider the consequences of plagiarism.	Digital footprint	The information about a p the Internet as a result of	
To identify appropriate behaviour when participating or contributing to collaborative	Email	Messages sent by electro device to one or more peo	nic means from one
online projects for learning. To identify the positive and negative influences	Identity theft	When a person pretends t	to be someone else.
of technology on health and the environment. To understand the importance of balancing game and screen time with other parts of their	Malware	Software that is specificall disrupt, damage, or gain u to a computer system.	
lives.	Phishing	Practice of sending email from reputable companies individuals to reveal perso	in order to persuade



Email	Messages sent by electronic means from one
	device to one or more people.
Identity	When a person pretends to be someone else.
theft	
Malware	Software that is specifically designed to
	disrupt, damage, or gain unauthorized access
	to a computer system.
Phishing	Practice of sending email pretending to be
	from reputable companies in order to persuade
	individuals to reveal personal information, such
	as passwords and credit cards numbers.
Plagiarism	When you use someone else's words or ideas
	and pass them off as your own.
Spam	Messages sent over the Internet, typically to
	many users, for the purposes of advertising,
	phishing or spreading malware.

Key Questions		
What is meant by a digital footprint?	A digital footprint is the information that exists about a person based upon sites that they have visited, searches that they have done, information that they have shared and other online behaviours.	
What is SPAM?	SPAM messages are emails or online messages sent from a computer to many other users. The users are sent the email without requesting it. The purpose of SPAM is for advertising, phishing or malware.	
What is meant by plagiarism?	Plagiarism refers to using someone else's work and claiming it to be your own.	



